

COMMUNITY HEALTH CENTER ASSOCIATION OF NEW YORK STATE

Behavioral Health Subcommittee Suicide Prevention Toolkit

In 2020, there were: **1.2 million suicide attempts**, and almost **46,000 Americans died by suicide**. Suicide the 12th leading cause of death in the United States. (AFSP)

Nearly 30% of individuals who die by suicide have some sort of healthcare visit within the 7 days prior to their attempt, over 50% within 30 days, and over 90% within 1 year. (source)

What can we do in primary care to help prevent suicide?



Identify and Screen for Suicidal Ideation

- ► Treat depression as a vital sign: Screen with the PHQ-2 (at least once a year)
- Consider risk factors when screening/assessing
- ▶ Use the Columbia Suicide Severity Rating Scale (C-SSRS) to assess suicidal thoughts
- ▶ If the PHQ-2 is positive, use the full PHQ-9
- ► Evaluate the person's strengths and protective factors
- ► Re-screen regularly to monitor symptoms and risk





Provide Intervention

- ▶ Refer to evidence-based behavioral health treatments and offer sooner follow-ups
- ► Collaboratively develop a <u>Safety Plan</u> with the patient and family <u>Crisis Plan</u>
- ▶ Provide crisis resources: 988, local mobile crisis, and higher levels of care when needed
- Interdisciplinary communication and collaboration as integrated treatment team, closing the loop on any treatment referrals
- ▶ Give a copy of the Safety Plan: printed, on a card, a note or photo a cell phone, use the app
- ▶ Discuss social connections, protective factors, strengths, and reasons for staying alive



Train Staff in Suicide Prevention

- ► Train all staff on suicide assessment and safety planning during onboarding
- ► Re-train all staff annually
- ► Zero Suicide and Assessing and Managing Suicide Risk are great resources for training

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Document and Monitor Risk

- ▶ Utilize ICD-10 Code R45.851 in problem list, visit diagnoses, and structured data fields
- ▶ Utilize global alerts, banners, or sticky notes in the electronic health record
- ▶ Run reports regularly and have a plan for monitoring, outreach, and follow-up



Track Response to Treatment and Follow Up Regularly

- ▶ Utilize ICD-10 Code R45.851 in problem list, visit diagnoses, and structured data fields
- ▶ Utilize global alerts, banners, or sticky notes in the electronic health record
- ▶ Run reports regularly and have a plan for monitoring, outreach, and follow-up



Consider Impacts of Culture and Strive to Improve Equity and Inclusion

- ➤ Consider differences in presentation for different genders and populations during screening and intervention
- Screen and intervene in the patient's preferred language utilizing multi-lingual staff, interpreters, and translated written documents
- ▶ Utilize multi-lingual and culturally representative staff whenever possible



Policies and Procedures to Consider

- Required trainings for all staff
- ► Frequency of screening, screening tools, and plans for positive scores
- ▶ Interventions, referrals, and interdisciplinary collaboration
- ► Competency assessments, shadowing, peer reviews, and chart audits
- Documenting risk, regular reporting to monitor and outreach for follow-up
- ► Care teams, culturally and linguistically inclusive practices







